# THE CONFIRMING POWER. DEBATING MR. ROOSEVELT'S BILL.

WHY THE MAYOR SHOULD BE HELD RESPONSIBLE

FOR APPOINTMENTS. [FROM THE REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE.] ALBANY, Feb. 5 .- Mr. Roosevelt had good fortune to-day with his bill depriving the Board of Aldermen of New-York of their power to confirm or reject the nominations made for heads of De partments by the Mayor of that city. He succeeded in persuading the Assembly to order the bill to a third reading. The vote, however, was not sufficient to pass it. Sixty-one votes were given in its favor, and sixty-five votes are required to pass the bill. Nearly all of these votes, fifty-four in number, were given by Republicans. But credit should be given to the two Brooklyn Democrats, Messrs, Keily and Butler, who testified that the concentration of power in the hands of the Mayor of that city had much improved its government,

and then voted with the Republicans to order the

bill to a third reading. There were five other Democrats who voted to order the bill to a third reading: Childs, of Sullivan; Church, of Kings; Ely and Nelof Otsego; and Welch, of Niagara, The Democrats who voted with the Republicans were about offset by six Republicans who deserted their fellow-members. These were: Forsyth, of Albany: Hasbrook, of Ulster; Joyce, of Oneida; Kittle, of New-York; Scott, of Livingstone; and Vedder, of Schenectady. Eight of the nine Republican Assemblymen of New-York voted to order the bill to a third reading. Mr. Kittle was the sole exception. Mr. Roosevelt has no doubt that he will be able to pass his bill, as the number of absentees was large.

REMARKS OF MR. ROCSEVELT. Mr. Roosevelt made the opening speech. He said in substance:

I ask the particular attention of the Assembly to this bill. It is perhaps the most important bill that will come before us this year. At present we have this curious condition of affairs in New-York: A Mayor possessing nominal power, and three or four men acting through their tools in the Board of Aldermen, who possess the real power. I propose to put the power in the hands of the man the people elect Mayor, and not leave it in the hands of men whom the people of the const cleat. This Board of Aldermen simply registers the decrees of the bosses. "Since this session of the Larislature began we have with Since this session of the Larislature began we have with Since this session and the Larislature began we have with Since this session of the Larislature began we have with Since this session and the Larislature began we have with Since this session of the Larislature began where the Board of the President, should not have the right to vote at any Republican primary henceforth. They have made themselves Democrats for hire. If we had a public opinion in New-York they would not be re-elected. I propose to take away the temptation to make such "deals." They did it for patronage. It is said we are going to create a Czar. A Czar who is going to be elected every two years is not much of a Czar. Do not be confused by analogies. dition of affairs in New-York: A Mayor possessing nomi-

THE MAYOR TO BE HELD RESPONSIBLE. The constituents of the Aldermen do not keep watch. They know what the Mayor does, but they hardly know names of the Aidermen. If the Mayor does wrong then it will go bard if the people cannot elect another We all know the Mayor that nominated " Dick

of good character I
Mr. Rooseveil—I did not say that every Mayor would
be a good one: but I did say that the Mayors would be
nen of higher character than the Aldermen.

Dr. Jacobi said that he would move the adop-

THE PROSPERITY OF PROOKLYN AN EXAMPLE. I would call attention to the fact that the Mayor cookiya has just been re-elected under just such circuit stances of possessing great powers. Let us try the syste process of possessing creat powers. Let us by which has city of Brooklyn has prospered. I am in favor of spring elections, of giving the Mayor the power of removal. I think it important to the Republican party to pass this bill. To the statement that it will take away offices from Republicans, I would say that that argument is hardly worth considering. The Republican party in the Nation and state would be vastly better off if it did not have an office in New-York.

be vasily belief off if it did not not not so it is bill, but I am for the anomaly of the Governor's consent being required for removing an officer.

Mr. Roosevelt—If you will introduce that amendment as a bill it will superstitly but if I permit it to be put in this bill it will increase the opposition—it would jeopardize the bill. Some members who are in favor of by hill are against your amendment.

MR. HAGGERTY'S OPPOSITION.

Mr. Haggerty—I wish it were possible to elect a higher order of men to the Board of Aldermen, to the Legislature, to Congress. Whose fault is it! Why don't the rich men take a part in the government of the State ? If we have not the order of men we want let us my to get them.
But this bill involves a principle, not men. It is the irresistible conflict between Jefferson and Hamilton. The
Board of Alderman didn't suit William M. Tweed—that arch thief who brought such disgrace upon the Demo-cratic party. The theory of this government is concur-rant action. Let us refuse to make the least concession which will burt the Democratic party. Do not let us take away this power from the Board of Aldermen.

Mr. Howe, of New-York, described how the city was disgraced by the Board of Aldermen. "Last week," he said " a bridge connecting Irving Hall with the Academy of Music was declared a public obstruction by these estimable gentlemen until it was found that certain missing tickets for the French cooks' ball were forthcoming. Every citizen of New-York was familiar with the disreputable transactions of the Aldermen. There was 10 better element' about it. It was only a matter of time, but a measure of this kind would certainly pass, for it was demanded by the exasperated and pass, for it was demanded by pass, for it was

Mr. Wilcox, of Erie, attempted to load the bill with an amendment providing for the election of a large number of officers now appointive.

Mr. Church, of Queens, an earnest Democrat, imped in to help the bill out of a tight spot. There was no question, he said, of the necessity of the bill. The City of New-York needed a government of its own, free from the interference of Albany, and the only way to bring this about was to act on the laws piecemeal. It is for the people to say what they want. If they approve of centralizing power in the Mayor they have the right to demand a law to that effect. If the Democratic party has not the nerveeffect. If the Democratic party has not the nerve to stand up to the rack and relegate the machines to the rear and bring the people to the fore, it ough to distand. The speech was roundly applauded as a frank expression of opinion.

# THE RAPID TRANSIT COMMISSIONERS.

OPPOSITION TO THE BILL GIVING THEM LONGER

TIME TO DO THEIR WORK.
[FROM THE REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE.] ALBANY, Feb. 5 .- On January 10, Senator Thomas, chairman of the Railroad Committee presented a bill extending the time six months within which the Rapid Teamst Commissioners appointed by Mayor Edson may perform their duties. The terms of the Commissioners expire next Monday, Senator Thomas to-day attempted to pass the bill. Bix of the seven Senators from New-York offered opposition. They said that the bill ought to be scrutinized carefully before being passed, as it might confer enormous powers upon the Rapid Transit Commissioners. New lines of rallways in the streets of New-York might be laid out of which its citizens might disapprove. Senafor Robb thought the bill ought to be amended so as to guard against the conferring of any great franchise upon a single railroad corporation, thus establishing a monopoly. Several franchises, in his opinion ought to be granted. He offered the following

It shall be lawful for the Commissioners appointed onder the act hereby amended, to authorize the incorporation of more than one company for the purpose of constructing maintaining and operating the railway or railways thereful mentioned.

persons—were
and Jerome Brad
in homo of the m
and addresses we
to an addresses we
to an addresses we
persons—were
and Jerome Brad
in homo of the m
and addresses we
to an addresses we
to a supposite the purpose of conto a supposite the

Senator Thomas opposed Mr. Robb's amendment and expressed astonishment at the opposition with which the bill was meeting. He read the following telegram from

The existing Rapid Transit Commissioners in this city wishing an extension of time have expressed to me their desire that senate oill No. 10 should be passed. After consultation with them I venture to express the hope that the bill will become a law.

Senstor Murphy said that he could not accept Mayor Edson's statement. Indeed be had little faith in that gentleman's statements. This declaration caused the other New-York Senators to look up astonished. Senator Murphy then charged that the bill would favor the interests of Andrews & Co

WORK OF COMMITTEES. ALBANY, Feb. 5 .- The Cities Committee to-day discussed a bill providing for a water tower 300 feet bigh in New-York. This latter bill proposes the use of water

twenty feet higher than any building, without the ald of engines.

The Commerce and Navigation Committee have determined to take final action on the Storm King Bridge bill on Tuesday, and on the Sandy Hook Pilots bill on Thursday. The bill setting aside piers Nos. 21 and 22, East River, New-York, for tropical fruit dealers, will be reported adversely.

THE SESSION OF BOTH HOUSES.

NEW BILLS INTRODUCED-THE HARBOR MASTERS

AND CAPTAIN OF THE PORT. ALBANY, Feb. 5 .- Mr. Campbell introduced a bill in the Senate to-day naming William Dinsmore, Philip Ebling, Alexander G. Kelsey, Helen Lowell, Euphemia Core, Edward Frankel, A. R. Kirkus, Ernst Eberhard and Polbam McClellan as corporators of the

Grand Conservatory of Music, New-York.

A bill by Mr. Robb provides that all children between eight and sixteen found in the streets, even if engaged in street occupations, must show written certificates of at-tendance at school. No child under ten shall be employed in any manufactory, and no child under twelve shall be employed unless the child can read.

The matter of the New York Harbor Masters and Cup-

The matter of the New-York Harbor Masters and Captain of the Port came up grain for discussion through the introduction of a resolution by Mr. Robb requesting the Atterney-General within a week to inform the Senate whether the persons acting as Captain of the Port and Harbor Masters since May 24, 1883, are legally holding those positions and entitled to receive compensation for their services. Mr. Elisworth moved to refer the resolution to the Committee on Commerce and Navimition, and after a partisan debate the motion to refer was carried; yeas 19, nays 9—Mr. Campbell, (Dem.) voting in the affirmative with the Republicans.

The bill providing for instruction in public schools on the bygenic effects of alcoholic illuors was passed; yeas 22, nays 8—Messrs, Campbell, Khernan, Lansing, Me-Carthy, Nelson, Plunkett, Van Schalek and Murphy. Mr Howe introduced a bill in the Assembly regulating the height of declines hereafter erected in New-York as follows: In streets not exceeding sixty feet in width seventy feet high, and in streets exceeding sixty feet not more than eighty feet high.

A bill presented by Mr. Erwin authorizes the payment of \$2,500 to Henry Clair, of the Metropolitan Hotel, New-York, for rooms, board, etc., for the Senate Insurance Committee and the special committee of the Assembly on Insolvent Life Insurance Companies of last year. Governor Cleveland vetoed an appropriation for that purpose last year.

## OLD-CODE DOCTORS DEFEATED.

THE STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY FIGHT. A RESOLUTION TO ABOLISH THE CODES DEBATED-TALK OF A NEW SOCIETY.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] ALBANY, Feb. 5 .- The old code and the new code were again fought over in the State Medical Society to-night. Dr. Didama, of Syracuse, offered a resolution providing for the restoration of the old code and made a speech in favor of his metion. Dr. Rochester, of Buffalo, and Dr. E. M. Moore, of Rochester, also made speeches favoring the motion. Only one speech was made in opposition to the motion and that was made by Dr. D. B. St. John Roosa, of New-York. A vote was then taken, and was watched with keen interest. Both parties may be said to have drummed the State for supporters. The new-code men triumphed. The motion was defeated by a vote of

195 yeas to 124 mays.

Dr. Roosa then said that during the progress of man. We all know the Mayor that nominated "Dick" Croker—but we do not remember the Ablermen who confirmed bins. They are protected by their obscurity. The Mayor stands in the full light of pedicity. I would rether have a responsible autocrat than an irresponsible oligarchy, as we have at present. The Mayor is held responsible by the people—the Aldermen by their besses. It is easily that the banker and the bricklayer should be upon the same plane. Of the hast Board of Aldermen one-half were lighter sollers. The Board of Aldermen has just elected as its president a man who was removed from a position as a school trustee because of grave charges. Would we elect such a man Mayor?

Mr. Dayton—Have we always had good Mayors; men of good character? the conflict over the codes many opponents of the the commission of acts unworthy of a physician

tion of the resolution referred to by Dr. Rossa. It

was as follows: With no idea of lowering in any manner the standard of With no idea of lowering in any manner the standard of right and homer in the relations of physicians to the public and to each other, but, an the contrary, in the belief that a barger amount of discretion and liberty in individual section and the shollion of detailed and specificables will covere the ethics of the profession, the medical profession of the State of New York as here represented hereby resolve and declare that the only ethical offences for which they claim and promise to exercise the right of discipline are those comprehended under the commission of acts inworthy of a physician and a gentleman.

The resolution was seconded by an old-code man.

of acis unworthy of a physician and a gentleman.

The resolution was seconded by an old-code man.
Dr. Pidama, however, showed that the old-code
men were opposed to it by demanding the yeas and
nayes. Dr. Agnew favored the resolution, saying
that men who used the printing press against their
opponents and all other influence and then threatened secession must stand the consequences. He
said he also thought that the society would have
more chance of readmittance to the American Association if it had no code than if it had the new
code.

code.
Seeing that the resolution would drag the society into a long debate Dr. Jacobi withdrew it. The society then adjourned,

stood their opponents to intimate white the declared was in progress to-night that they intended to form a new State Medical Society if defeated. They did not fear this secession however, as the old-code society thus formed would have no legal standing. It would be merely a voluntary association.

CASES AGAINST CASHIER HEDDEN,

TRENTON, Feb. 5 .- William B. Guild, of Newark, called the attention of the United States District Court to-day to the fact that when James A. Hedden, the Newark bank cashler, was tried two years ago for embezzlement, he was ac quitted, but pleaded guilty to altering the books of the bank, and on this pleading was sentenced to State Prison; and that the commitment now in the hands of the and that the commitment now in the hands of the State Prison Keeper shows that Hedden was committed for embezzlement and altering the books. Mr. Guild wished to have the record and commitment altered so as to conform with the facts. Mr. Keashey stated that his recollection was that Hedden had pleaded guilty to attering the books and to two other midletments for observations. Counsel not agreeing as to the facts, the matter was laid over until the stenogramous for the grant of the cramined.

pner's notes could be examined.

The jury in the United States District Court in the case of the receiver of the First National Bank, of Newark, against James A. Hedden beought in a verdict this afternoon fer \$35,000 in favor of the receiver.

# QUIET AT THE CONSTITUTION CLUB.

Despite the fact that James H. Seymour, one of the trustees in Dr. Newman's church, presided over the meeting of the Constitution Club at No. 21 West Twentyseventh-st., last night, the meeting was quiet and harme nious. F. B. Thurber read a paper on the condition of affairs among the people of England as he found them. of affairs among the people of England as he found them. He read an extract from The London Times favoring the anti-monopoly programme as it relates to the railway companies. Resolutions were passed expressing the sorrow of the club at the death of Wendell Phillips, and specchas eulogizing the character and works of Mr. Phillips were made. John F. Henry, George T. Gaden and E. R. Harper were appointed as a committee to go to Albany and urge the passage of the bill extending the commission hours on the clavated railway.

# RECEPTION OF THE RETAIL GROCERS.

The retail grocers and their sisters and their ousins and their aunts were present last night at Madison Square Garden, the occasion being the second annual reception of the Retail Grocers' Union. There were at east 3,000 people present. In addition to the member of the Association there were representatives of all the leading wholesale grocery houses and the trade papers. There was an order of dance consisting of twenty-four dances.

# FEIENDS OF JEROME J. COLLINS.

A meeting of the friends of the late Jerome J. Collins, who perished with De Long's party, was held last night in The Herald building. Some sixty persons were present. Judge Daly presided, and Jerome Brady was coosen as secretary. Resolutions in henor of the memory of Captain Collins were adopted, and addresses were made upon his character as a journal-lat and upon his fate as a member of the Jeannette exportation party.

# CHANGE IN A GROCERY FIRM.

H. K. Thurber retired from active participation in the business of H. K. & F. B. Thurber & Co. on Mon day. The firm will continue the business under the name

THOMAS KINSELLA EXTREMELY ILL.

Thomas Kinsella, the Editor of The Brooklyn Eagle, was worse yeslerday than on the day before, and no hopes of his recovery are entertained. He is suffer ing from obstruction of the liver. Dr. Byrne, his attend-ing physician, said yesterday that the sick man's condi-tion was one of extreme danger,

M'GLORY ON HIS MARROW BONES.

At a temperance meeting in the Throop Avenue Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, under the auspices of the Citizen's Excuse League, last night, the Rev. Stiles, the general agent of the League, said: "In the City of New-York, where a high-toned gentleman like Billy from the river and the distribution of it in pipes through the business portion of the city. It is claimed that the bressure from the tower will throw a stream of water the liquor traille is not far distant.

THE COUNTY COMMITTEE.

A WRANGLE OVER TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN JOHN J. O'BRIEN ELECTED OVER EDWARD MITCHELL

-O'BRIEN ATTACKED. The new Republican County Committee held its first meeting last evening in the old Republican Central Committee headquarters, at Republican Hall, in West Thirty-third-st. Most of the familiar faces were to be seen, but there were, in addition, many new ones. Among the best known members present were William Dowd, J. M. Marvin, George

Bliss, Chauncey M. Depew, Hugh Gardner, Colonel Charles S. Spencer, John D. Lawson, John A. Lydecker, Edward Mitchell, John J.O'Brien, ex-Judge Horace Russell, Elihu Root, General Lloyd Aspinwall, Jacob Hess, Charles P. Miller, Cotonel S. V. R. Cruger, John A. Brodsky, Bernard Biglin, M. Cregan, Aldermen Pearson, Milier and Sayles, Justice Frederick G. Gedney, William H. Townley, J. Langdon Ward, Police-Commissioner Joel

W. Mason, General Joseph C. Jackson, Colonel Ethan Allen, Emigration Commissioner Eduand Stephenson, Charles Ulrich, Henry L. Sprague, Robert G. McCord, George B. Deane, Colonel John H. Marshali, Volney King, Morris Friedsam, J. L. N. Hunt, J. C. J. Langbein and S. V. N. Cooper, The full committee numbers 272. There were more than double that number of persons present.

REMARKS BY MR. MITCHELL.

Edward Mitchell, chairman of the Committee of Eighteen, to whose efforts the success of the plan of organization was due, called the meeting to order. His allusions to the work of the committee were loudly applanded. He said:

This committee assembled under auspices which I apprehend no previous County Committee of the Republican party has ever been called together under. Never before, so far as I am aware, has any County Committee ever had such a constituency. The primary election law has been in force, as you know, only a short time. The powers given by the Committee or Eighteen to this committee have been very large. The work to be done is most important, and the responsibility resting upon it is of the gravest character. You have been chosen by 23,000 Republicans, or such as saw fit to exercise their powers as voters, as their ministers to look after the interests of the party in a most important political year. I trust that all our deliberations will be so well considered and so wise that the harmony and success of the party will be promoted by your action. [Applause.]

CONTESTS IN THREE DISTRICTS. Justice Solon B. Smith, the secretary of the Committee of Eighteen, announced contests in the XIVth, XVIth and XXIIId Districts, and a motion being made to have the cases referred to the Committee of Eighteen, the chairman expressed the opinion that the powers of that committee had expired. Mr. Townley thought that the opinion of the chairman was correct. Colonel Bliss read from the plan of organization a section to prove that the matter of contests should be referred to a Committee on Contested Seats, and said that it was apparent that some of the Committee of Eighteen did not know what there was in the plan of organization.

Mr. Townley-Having been challenged by the gentlemen whose suggestions were uniformly thrown under the table by the Committee of Eichteen, I say I am right in claiming that the County Committee is the one that has a right to appoint that committee.

The chairman then ordered the calling of the roll. and when it was finished announced that a quorum was present.

MR. MITCHELL FOR TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN, Ex-Judge Horace Russell was then recognized. He said:

He said:

I rise for the purpose of making a nomination for the office of chairman of the temporary meeting, and I propose the name of a gentleman who has done so much to bring about time long-desired and now, we hope, accomplished reorganization of the Republican party in the City of New-York. I nominate for temporary chairman, Edward Mitchell, Lapplanes!

Hugh Gardner—I very heartily second that motion. This new organization is experimental. We have opened the doors to everybody. In my district there were 1,300 enrolled, and 363 voted. The others did not come up. What we will do in this new organization I do not know. It was commenced in good faith, carried out with the best ability, and this is the result. We have elected all the old people, flaughter and appliance], showing con-

best ability, and this is the result. We have elected all the old people, flaughter and appliansel, showing conclusively that the former organization of the Republican party was of the Republican party and for it. I hope this will be as good. [Appliantsel]

Elliu Poot—I rise to second the nomination made by Judze Ru. ell. I feel a delicacy in so doing, for I know that the acceptance of the office involves a responsibility which is far from your de dre to assume. I have been a member for many vears of the old committee, and have frequently heard the charge that that body dli not represent the Republicans of New-York: that the old district associations are close corporations, small in numbers,

tee John J. O'Brien. [Applause, Fir. Charman, had I known that you, the honored chairman of the Committee of Eighteen, were a candidate. I say frankly that I would have been the first to second your nomination But I advocate Mr. O'Brien against you because I think he is entitled to the compliment. I do not sympathize with that feeling which says "Please leave out everybedy who has been a yeoman, and done yeoman service to the party."

Joseph C. Jackson-I take pleasure in seconding that mination. Thever was a member of the so-c flid reg-r association, but I never had any difficulty in attend-its councils. The Committee of Eighteen has perd its work nobly.

Ex-Judge Russell stated that Mr. Mitchell had had no idea that he would be placed in nomination. The speaker had hoped, however, that there would be a unanimous opinion as to the fitness of the

Mr. Mitchell-I have only to say that my personal pref-erences would be very much regarded if the gentlemen who were kind enough to name me would withdraw my name.

John D. Lawson—I rise to second the nomination of Mr. O'Brien, and I hope this committee will place him unanimously in that chair. [Applause.]

GENERAL ASPINWALL RESENTS ASPERSIONS. Lloyd Aspinwall—Both nominees are personal friends and I do not care who is nominated. I want to see work and not so much talk. Both were members of the Com. mittee of Eighteen. I for one take the responsibility of defending myself against the unjust aspersions made by

the gentleman from the XIth [Colonel Bliss] when he says some of the members do not know what they are talking about. I will not submit in public or in private to any such unjust and untrue remarks. [Laughter and ap-After Judge Russell had withdrawn the name of Mr. Mitchell, Colonel Bliss said :

Mr. Mitchell, Colonel Bliss said:

If the gentleman [General Aspinwail] had understood what I said, I am sure he would not have been so touchy.

[Laughter.] I said that gentlemen who spoke like some of the members of the committee spoke did not understand what was in their plan, and I immediately proceeded to read from their plan the statement that unless otherwise ordered the Committee on Contested Soats should be appointed by the chairman, which showed me that Mr. Townley did not understand what was in the

plan.

teneral Aspinwall—If the gentleman did not say what I understood him to say, and as the reat of the committee understood him to say, then I was mistaken; but I took pretty good ground. [Laughter and applause.]

Mr. Townley—I simply wish to say in connection with the statement of the gentleman from the XIth, that he was mistaken, as he usually is.

CALLING THE BOLL, A member moved that the nomination of Mr.

O'Brien be made unanimous, Mr. Lawson made the point of order that the calling of the roll was necessary under the plan of the Committee of Eighteen, and the point was sustained. Previous to the calling of the roll Colonel Bliss

I desire to call attention to one question. The primary election law declares that it applies to every meeting and all elections held by any political party or organization for the purpose of ciecting effects of an organization. If that applies to this meeting and the election of temporary chairman, then it is necessary to comply with the other provisions of the law, among which is the duty incumbent upon you. Mr. Chairman, to take the oath required of inspectors of elections. [Laughter.] of inspectors of elections. [Laughter.]

mary election.

Colonel Bliss called attention to the fifth section, but Mr. Lawson, after reading the section, contended that the pending election was not of the character prescribed.

When the name of Charles N. Taintor was called in the list of delegates from the HId District, he cast his vote for Mr. Mitchell, as did also James M. Varnum, both explaining their votes.

REFUSING TO VOTE FOR O'BRIEN. The roll call proceeded quietly until the name of Colonel Bliss was reached. He said:

I cannot vote for Mr. O'Brien, because I have heard it urged by people very close to him and claiming to speak his sentiments, that he desired to be temporary chairman of this organization in order that he might control the sertiement of the contested election cases. I cannot vote for any man as to whom this singgestion is made, and therefore I vote for Mr. Mitchell. [Applause and bisses.] Charles P. Miller in responding to his name said :

him in any way as a candidate for any office in this committee, we will do more harm in this State and Union than any organization or body could do between now and the next election, and therefore I vote for Mr. Mitchell. [Applause and hisses.]

Mr. Gardner—I do not recognize the right of Judge Russell to windraw the name of Mr. Mitchell after it was the property of this committee. I think it was enthently proper that the chairman of this committee until the organization was perfected, and that it was a wise suggestion on the part of Judge Russell; and I therefore vote for Mr. Mitchell. (Applause.)

When the XXIst District was called, one vote was cast for William Dowd.

Leonard Hazeltine said, in response to his name:
My place of residence does not happen to be in the same district in which my place of business is located. Serbaps I would have made more impression if I had got in from the Ist District. I recognize the fact that nothing I can say will influence the vote for Mr. O'Brien. I. however, desire to offer my protest at this stage. We should endeavor to bring the Republican party before the people in a way that will command the respect of the respectable voiers of the country. I exceedingly regret the action of the committee to-night, and I fear the damage which will be done; but it is too late to regret now, and I therefore vote for our honored chairman, Mr. Mitchell. [Applause.]

Charles Knox said: Charles Knox said:

I think it is unfortunate that we should have any ques-tion like this at this stage of our organization. I think many of the remarks made have been extremely out of piace, it is a fact that cannot be gainsaid, that Mr. O'Brien has done faithful work for the party. I chould, hewever, have been glad if be had chosen to withdraw his name, but under the circumstances, I cast my vote for him. [Argiause.] his name, but unde him. [Applause.]

MR. O'BRIEN ELECTED.

The calling of the roll was then proceeded with. A considerable number of the members in addition to those already mentioned, explained their votes. Elihu Root, in particular made a temperate speech, regretting the harsh language used toward Mr. O'Brien, and paying a strong tribute to his work for the party in the past. He voted for Mr. Mitchell. General Aspinwall spoke and voted for Mr. O'Brien. The result of the vote was announced as 163 for O'Brien and 44 for Mitchell.

Mr. O'Brien was conducted to the chair by Mr. Knox and Mr. Townley. On taking the chair, he

said:

In accepting the position of temporary chairman of this committee I take pleasure in thanking you very kindly for the disposition manifested toward me here to night. I can only say that I think we have got a hard enough contest before us in dishting the common enemy to entitle me to forbear answering the remarks unjustly made respecting myself. I only hope that before the year is ended they will have occasion to think as well of me then as they think ill of me now. [Applause.]

On motion Solon B. Smith was elected temporar y secretary by acclamation.

THE CONTESTS AND OTHER MATTERS.

The contests in the the three Assembly Districts then came up for discussion. The protest from the XIVth District is signed by ex-Coroner John H. Brady and others; and set forth that the ticket headed by Joon A. Nugent was elected by Demo-

headed by John A. Nugent was elected by Democravic votes. A new election is asked for. In the XVIth District the protestants declare that obstacles were thrown in the way of their voting and that many Democrats were allowed to vote for the Cregan ticket. A new election is asked for. Colonel Bliss said that the XXIIId District contest turned on what was to be deemed a vacancy. There were several ties. It was claimed that these should be considered as creating vacancies. This was the question to be settled.

Celonel Spencer moved that a committee of five be appointed to which should be referred all conjects. This was carried. Secretary Smith moved that the chairman appoint a committee of seven to prepare and submit to the County Committee a constitution and rules. Colonel Bliss opposed this on the ground that this subject should be disposed of after a permanent organization had been effected. Mr. Smith withdrew his resolution and the committee will not be called together until the Committee on Contested Seats is ready to report.

### WEDDINGS YESTERDAY. Miss Leslie Josephine Ayer, the only daugh-

ter of the late Dr. J. C. Ayer, of Lowell, Mass., was married at 4 p. m. yesterday to Commander Frederick Pear-

son, U. S. N., the ceremony taking place at the house of the bride's mother, No. 5 West Fifty-seventh-st. The service was read by Assistant Bishop Henry C. Potter. The ceremony was private, only about thirty people being present. There was a reception from 5 to 7 p. m., which was largely attended. The floral decorations were espe-cially handsome. The bride and groom stood beneath a Chinese pagoda, supported with columns of smilax and ivy, studded with niphetos roses, with pink roses at the base. The top was of smilax and trumpet-shaped lilies. Eases were hung around the caves of the pagoda, and inside were three bells. The central one was composed of white roses, having a beli-rope of liles-of-the-val-ley; mother was half of pink and half of cream roses, and the third half of white and half of pink I know as well as you and many gentlemen present. But I know as half of pink and half of pink are the first half of white and half of pink are the first hal sty then adjourced.

In rew-code men say that they plainly undersuper the office of temporary chairman of this committee of the office of temporary chairman of this committee of the office of temporary chairman, had in progress to night that they intended to form carried a bouquet of white reses. The groom, who is tall and handsome, wore his naval uniform. Mrs. Ayer was dressed in old gold velvet and brocade of bronze, clive and old gold flowers outlined in pearls, square con sage outlined in pearls and respiendent diamonds. David B. Lee was the best man, and the ushers were F. F. Ayer, the bride's brother, who gave her away; Charles B. Peters, John W. Russell, Oliver King and G. Williamov, Secretary of the Russian Legation. There were no bridesmands. There was music, and Pinard served retreamments. The presents were handsome but were not displayed. The bride and groom will sail next Wednesday by the Gallia for a long continental tour, going first to Paris. Among the guests were General and Mrs. Meredith Read, Mr. and Mrs. John Bigelow, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Lieutenant and Mrs. Logan, ex Judge and Mrs. John F. Dillon, Commodore and Mrs. Garrison, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Chickering, Aaron Claffin, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Travers, Governor and Mrs. Claffin, General and Mrs. N. P. Banks, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Dean, Admiral and Mrs. Nicholson, Admiral and Mrs. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Robeson, Judge and Mrs. J. G. Abbott, W. E. Dodge Stokes, Mr. and Mrs. Adelbert Ames, Mrs. C. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Adelbert Ames, Mrs. C. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Loyali Farragut, Mr. and Mrs. Plo Echeverria, Mr. and Mrs. John M. Hughes, Mrs. A. T. Stewart, Mr. Lamson, the Missea Lamson, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Jones, Miss. Scott, Miss Hamersloy, Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Huribut, Mrs. Addison Jerome, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence W. Jaroms, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kniekerbacker, Mr. and Mrs. Orlando B. Potter. Dr. and Mrs. J. P. Peters, Colonel and Mrs. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Gurnee, the Misses Gurnee, Smith Ely, Ir. Mrs. William E. Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. Elliot C. Cowdin, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Chaflin, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Chaflin, John O. Barthelomew, Mr. and Mrs. William Breose, and Mrs. and Mrs. Edgar Schleffelin.

Miss Marie Leoni Knoedler, daughter of the late M. Knoedler, was married to Dr. Edward K. Henschel, by the Rev. Thomas J. Ducey, of St. Leo's Roman Catholic Church, in the evening, at the house of the bride's nother, No. 38 West Thirty-fourth-st. Edward Ward Knoedler No. 36 West Thirty-fourth-st. Edward Ward Knoedler and Charles Burke were tailers, and Miss Amelie Knoedler, sister of the bride, was the mail of honor. The bride was attired in white setts, point lace and diamonds. The pair stood beneath a large bell of white roses, camellias and tilles, with a splash of pink roses at the side. A large number of people were present.

# ANNUAL BALL OF THE FRENCH COOKS.

The annual ball of the French cooks of the city took place last night at the Academy of Music and Irving Hall. The Academy was profusely trimmed with unting and with the devices of the different States-Long bands of white gauze starred with tinsel were stretched from the apex of the proscenium arch, and from this airy canopy hung a great gaudy butterfly. The dancing began about 10 o'clock and continued till an early hour this morning. In Irving Hall on five long tables the fancy pieces of culinary workmanship were dis played. A dense crowd filled the placeall the evening admiring the many fine specimens of cooks' and confectioners skill. From the Union League Club cook, Heari Dupont, there was an elaborate design called "Le Fort Invincible Three fortresses were supported on a large platform beneath which were two pools of water, one within the other, with gold fish, turties, and eels swimming about in them. The fortress platform was supported on columns adorned with ferus, and on each column were lights supported in the sams manner as the lamps before the Loague's Club House entrance. The two for ressess at the ends of the platform were of white confectionery, and the centre one was of different kinds of colored jeilies, on the top of which was a foodless of Liberty surrounded by cannon, flags and munitions of war. The whole piece was profusely and appropriately decorated. From the Brunswick Hotel there was a near representation of the Bridge; from the Gramerey Hotel a representation of President Artuur in a boat with a white confectionery sail and catching two wrigging candy fish; from the Fifth Avenue Hotel, the 'Prit's Turkey of the Poultry Shew,' elshorately dressed; and from the Grand Union Hotel a pyramid of larted quali made by the fifteen-year old son of the chief cook. other, with gold fish, turties, and eeis swimming about in

# A RECEPTION TO THEIR CAPTAIN.

Company D, 22d Regiment, gave a reception Charles P. Miller in responding to his name said:

Ido not vote for Mr. O'Brien because I believe most earnestly that Mr. O'Brien is not fit to be put into that chair as temperary chatrana. [Hisses.] It don't make any difference to me how much you hiss. I believe those the methods of Mr. O'Brien have been worse for the public and for the Republican party than that of any man in the State. [Hisses and applause.] I believe what thousands in this state believe. [Confinued hisses.] Oh, I am not afraid to speak out. [Applause.] It seems to me that if we put him in that chair as temporary chairmar, or recognize

With dancing last evening at the Armory in honor of the twenty-second anniversary of Captain Samuel Moore smith the Lehigh Valley for the accessed man. The body was gayly decorated and Gilmore's band furnished music. The company's room was decked with flags and flowers. The company's room was decked with flags and flowers. Including a floral kinapsack with the regimental number. Including a floral kinapsack with the Lehigh Valley for the acception, and was the largest ever in from Philadelphia, New York and points in the Lehigh Valley for the acception of the floral of the floral number of with dancing last evening at the Armory in henor of the

Captain Ferry, of the 23d Regiment; Colonel Camp, Major Cullium, Adjutant Harding, Captain Ferry and Captain Kuight.

A WOMAN MURDERED BY RUFFIANS. MRS. MARY LEWIS, OF BRIDGEPORT, KILLED WHILE

PROTECTING HER FRIEND. BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 5 .- Four men, John Bishop, George Butler, James Blake and Charles Twitchell, were in French's liquor shop last night. Much drink ing was indulged in, as nearly as can be ascertained. To-ward midnight the party left French's and proceeded to the home of the Twitchells, with whom lived a respectable woman belonging in Trumbull, Mrs. Mary Lewis by name, age about fifty-three. Twitchell was very drunk. and proceeded to retire. The others, it is believed, attempted in criminal assault on Mrs. Twitchell. She resisted and called loudly upon Mrs. Lewis to come to her assistance. This enraged the assailants, one of whom grabbed her by the throat and threatened violence.

Mrs. Lewis, who was on a lounge in the kitchen, ran to

the assistance of her friend. When she passed the door way of the bedroom, one of the men seized a gun which stood near the doorway, and, levelling at her head, discharged it. The contents severed the jugular vein and caused almost instant death. In her defence before Mrs. Lewis reached the room, Mrs.

Twitchell had endeavored to frighten her ascallants away by the use of a musket which stood near the head of her

During all this wrangle Twitchell remained sound asleep. The gun used was a Ballard smooth asleep. The gun used was a Baliard smooth bore, and was leaded with fine shot. The ruffians immediately left the house and took refuge in a liquor shop about half a mile away, kept by a man named Williams. Mr. and Mrs. Twitchell informed the police this morning, and they soon found and arrested the assailants. Mrs. Twitchell says: "My husband and I were in bed when the other men came. They troke in the door. I thought it was King Peck, who works for my husband and sometimes sleeps upstairs. I went to the door in my night clothes, and while there they burst the door in. I naked them what they wanted, and they replied that they had come to have a good time. They then began to dance around the floor, and make much noise; and I ordered them out. They abused mo, and kicked and pushed Mrs. Lewis about. I went back to the bedroom to try and awake my husband. I failed to de so. They followed me in, and the tallest of the three grabbed me by the throat and choked me. He three me across a trunk standing near the bed, and one man put his hand over my mouth, and another tore my night-dress and finance wrapper. The smallest of the three remoustrated with the others and tried to prevent them injuring me. They called both of us all sorts of vile names. Mrs. Lewis came into the room at my call, and tried to take my part; when one man shoved her back into the kitchen, and another of them selzed the gun and fired. I heard Mary cry out 'O, Maria! I'm gone.' Sometime during that night, I succeeded in arousing my husband, and we both started to come to the city, but it was so dark and wet, I got soaked through wading in the water, I could not tell what time it was as the men stole the watch in the bed-room, and our clock had stopped. I did not know the mea and never saw them before, and I don't think Mary knew them. Mrs. Lewis was a domestic, and had a son in Bridgeport learning the painter's trade."

THOUGHT IT WASN'I LGADED. bore, and was leaded with fine shot. The ruffians

THOUGHT IT WASN'T LOADED.

Bishop, who fired the fatal shot, and confesses that he did it, has been engaged in many disgraceful transactions. About a year ago he worked in a cutiery shop here and had an altereation with Sweles employed there, and and had an alteroation with Sweles employed there, and was seriously stabled in the arm by one of them. His real name is Bishoff. He says: "Twitchell came into Freuch's and drank with us and invited us up to his house for a good time. After he went I found my team, which I had left outside, had disappeared. My first impression was that Twitchell had inken it and driven home. I and to Blake and Buder, 'Let's go up to the house, and see the old man. I think he has driven off my team.' We went up for the purpose of having a social time. After we had been in the house a while we began fooling. Mrs. Twitchell picked up the gun and pointed it at Butler, and snapped it several times, Butler was frightened and ran around the store knocking down the pipe. She then pointed at me and snapped the lock. I was scared and ran to the door when Butler said. "Don't be affeid the gun is not loaded." I afterward took the gun and pointed it at several in the room in four, thinking it was not loaded, as it had been snapped several times and had not been discharged. I pointed it at Mrs. Lewis, when, to my surprise, it went off. We did not go there for the purpose of assaulting the woman."

After the facts were made public here to-day, the greatest excitement prevailed, almost equal to that which followed the discovery of Rose Clark Ambler's body in Stratford last full. The news few like which for long will have a hearing to-morrow. The promptness of the police is commended. was seriously stabbed in the arm by one of them. His

### THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS.

Washington, Feb. 5.—For New-England, rain followed by slightly warmer and partly cloudy weather, winds generally from south to west, falling followed by rising baremeter.

partly cloudy weather, slightly weather south to west winds, a slight fall followed by a slight rise in baremeter.

# TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. BAR. 12845678910 121 284 56 7 8 91011 30.5 30.5

The diagram chars the barometrical variations in this city by tenths of inches. The perpandicular lines give divident of time for the 14 hours presenting midnings. The bregatic white time represents the casellations of the mercy during those hours. The breaken or dotted line represents the transfer in tenners ten as indicated by the thermometer of Hedmat's Planmance, till floorings. TRIBUNE OFFICE, Fob. 6 .- 1 s. m .- The downward

movement in the barometer continued during yesterday. Cloudy weather, with .20 of an inch of rain early in the day, was followed by fair weather. The temperature cay, was lonowed by lift weather. The average (35%) being 73% lower than on the corresponding day last year and 2% higher than on Monday.

Partly cloudy or clear weather, with slight changes in temperature, may be expected to-day in this city and vicinity.

# OBITUARY.

THOMAS GARRETT.

Thomas Garrett, Justice of the Peace, who died vesterday at Stapleton, L. I., was one of the most noted and popular men in Richmond County of which he was the Democratic leader for thirty-seven years. He was born in Ireland, fifty-eight years ago, and be came to this country in 1844. He first opened a sporting house in this city, and afterward he removed to Staten Island, where he entered into politics. He was convivial in his habits and famous for his jokes, practical and otherwise. His death was due to a complication of disorders arising from his mode of life. For ten years, it disorders arising from his mode of the Forcet years, it is said, he has lived mainly on stimulants. On the Bench he was a stern and dignified as when off it he was jolly. It is related of him that when the late Captain Jacob H. Vanderblit sent a fleet of Pags to tear down the docks of Commodore Garner's opposition line of ferry-boats, and the adjoining club house of the New-York Yacht Club with grappling irons, " Judge " Garrett swore in 250 men as special deputy sheriffs, armed them with revolvers, and locked the ferry gates. He was fired at by the crew and locked the ferry gates. He was fired at by the crew of a tug, and as they attempted to renew their work of destruction, he ordered his men to take good aim, each picking out his man, and to fire when he did. The tugs drew off and watted till morning, when the Vanderbilt armada atandoned the attack. Commodore Garner never forgot this service. Justice Garrett was twice indicated for malfeasance, but he escaped each time and was re-elected. He leaves a sister and two brothers. His funeral will take place to-morrow from St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, Clifton.

WILLIAM HOUSTON. William Houston, of Brick Church, N. J., a lealer in metals at No. 71 William-st., died suddenly in Jacksonville, Fla., on Monday. He had left his home ittle more than a week ago in the hope of finding relies from a dangerous lung difficulty. He was thirty-nine years old. For many years he lived in East Orange where his father, David Houston, lives. Until four years ago he was in the metal business with his father at No. ago be was in the metal business with his father at 86, 22 Platt-st. He then went into business for himself and was one of the largest dealers in cooper, from and tin in the city. He was a member of the from and Metal and the Produce Exchanges and was vice-president of the New-York Metal Brokers' Association. Mr. Rousien was the initieth member of the Gratuity Fund of the Produce Exchange who has died since April 1 of last year. He leaves a widow and three children.

### PRESIDENT PACKER'S FUNERAL, LARGE THRONGS PRESENT-IMPRESSIVE SERVICES .-

THE WIDOW PROSTRATED,

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] MAUCH CHUNK, Feb. 5,-1 he funeral of President Packer, of the Lebigh Valley Railroad, took place here this afternoon, and was the largest ever held in this exposed to view at the late home of Judge Packer, and was viewed by thousands. The services were brief and conducted by the Rev. Marcus A. Tolman, assisted by Bishop Howe and Archdeaem Kirby, of England. There

clerks. The body was inclosed in a metallic coffin. The pall-bearers were thirty-two in number, among them being Samuel J. Randall, Eckley B. Coxe, Robert H. Sayre and G. B. Newton. The rest were mostly officials of the Lehigh Valley Railroad. The services at the grave were

Lehigh Valley Railroad. The services at the grave were conducted by President Lamberton, of Lehigh University, according to the Masonio ritual. The body was deposited in the family vault. The widow is utterly prostrated, and was unable to attend the funeral. Fears are entertained for her.

Among the many prominent business and social friends of the deceased man present were Governor Abbett, of New-Jersey; ex-Governor Hoyt, of Pennsylvania; Miles Rose, ex-Senator Platt, President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania Railroad; Vice-President George R. Blanchard, of the Eric Road; Thomas Dickson, of the Delaware and Hudson Camal Company; F. B. Gowen, E. A. Packer, D. Henry Knowiton, General Pardee, of Philadelphia, and many others. Manch Chunk mourns the loss of her most public apprited and liberal citizen. All places of business were closed this afternoon, and a meeting was held in the Court-house this evening, at which addresses were made and resolutions adopted expressive of the loss sustained by the death of Judge Packer.

### EX-SENATOR COOPER KILLED.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 5 .- A dispatch to The American from Culiacan, Chihuahua, Mexico, says: Judge Henry Cooper, formerly United States Senator from Tennessee, was killed by robbers near this city yesterday. He was manager of the famous Polk sliver mine, and left here in November with \$30,000 to pay off the debts of the concern and start a mil. Soon after his arrival in Mexico he wrote back that he had struck rich ore, many pockets running thousands of dollars to the ton, and that he would start a mill as soon as supplies were received from Culiacan. He was on his way to Culiacan for the purpose of purchasing supplies when he was killed. The mine is situated high up in the Sierra Madre Mountains, and the country between it and Culiacan is infested with robbers.

If your liver is out of order, use Dr. Jayne's anative Pills; they will remove biliousness and cure any ostive tendency.

Landborg's Perlume, Edenia.

Lundborg's Pertume, Marechal Niel Rosa. Landborg's Perfume, Alpine Violat.

Lundborg's Periume, Lily of the Valley.

Two experienced physicians of the Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga., have located at No. 159 West Twenty-third-st, and will be pleased to see all who are afflicted with blood or skin diseases. Examination and consultation tres.

Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are the best, the strongest, and most healthful. Sold everywhere.

# MARRIED. BRIGGS—BENNETT—On Tuesday Petruary 5, 1984, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. E. B. Cos, D. D., James H. Briggs to Lucy E., daughter of George A. Bennett, all of this city.

All notices of marriages must be indorsed with full name and address.

DIED.

BROOKS-Entered into her eternal rest, on Monday, February 4, Charlotte S. Brooks, oldest daughter of Chirlotte B. and the late J. W. Spencer, and wife of the late William Brooks.

Funeral service at the First Presbyterian Church, Henry-st., Brooklyw, on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Priends will kindly omit flowers.

CARMAN-At Menlo Park, N. J., February 4, 1884, Melanthon F Carman, aged 77 years and 3 day 3.

Funeral service from his late residence, at Menlo Park, on Thursday, February 7, at 1230 p. m.

Trains leave foot of Desirosses and Cortlandt sta. at 11:10.

Interment at Methoben, N. J.

CLOSE-Suddenly, at Patchogne, Long Island, Sunday, Feb-

Interment at Metuchen. N. J.

CLOSE—Suddenly, at Patchogue. Long Island, Sunday, February 3, 1844, Herricu Udell, wife of Auren Close,
Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 152 West
45th-st., Wednesday, February 6, at 4 p. m.

Kindly omit flowers. CAMPBELL—On Sunday, February 3, Richard L. Campbell, in the 45th year of his acc.

in me soon year orms are.
Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Weinesday, February 6, at 12 o'clock, from Calvary Church, 4th-are, and 2th-set.
It is requested that no dowers be sent. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

COLBY—On Monday evening, February 4, Luculie May, only child of John E, and Maivina F. Coiby.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 199 2d-ave., this (Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock.

Claveland, Olilo, papers please copy.

DIX—On Sunday evening, February 3, at her residence, No. 3 West 21st-ct, Calbachne Mergon Dix, widow of General John A. Dir, in the 77th year of her age.

The funeral services will be held in Trinity Church, on Wednesday, 6th mst., at 10 clock p. m.

Please send no flowers.

The members of John A. Dix Post, No. 135. Department

Please send no flowers.

The members of John A. Dix Post, No. 125, Department New-York, G. A. R., are hereby ordered to meet at Trimity Church on Wednesday, February 6, at 1245 p. m., to attend the funeral of Mrs. John A. Dix.

G. W. ROBERTS, Adjutant.

G. W. ROBERTS, Adjutant. G. W. ROBERTS, Adjutant. Senior Vice-Commander, DU BOIS—At Vevey, Switzerland, on Sunday, February 3, Luy Elzire, youngest child of Goorge W. and Sunde Porter Du Rola, of Brooklyn, N.Y., agod 4 years, 7 months, 18 days. HOSTLOT—In Rome, on Friday, February 1, in the 39th year of his ago, the flight Rev. Monstener Louis E. Hostlot, rector of the American College, Rome, Univ. Relatives and frields are respectfully invited to attend a Youtified High Mass, which will be offered for the repose of all soul, at sulls Patrick's Cathedral, 5th-ave, on Thursday, February 7, at 10 a. m.

HOUSTON Suddenly, at Jacksonville, Fla., on the 4th fast, William Houston, of Brick Church, East Orange, N. J., acred 39 years, a months, 14 days. Notice of integral hermafter.

Notice of fuberal hereafter.

McDERMUT—0a Monday, February 4, 1884, William L.

McDermut, to his 58th year.

Puneral service at Asbury M. E. Church, Washington Square,
West, on Thursday evening at 80 clock.

Friends of the family and members of the American Temperance Union are invited to attend. MERCHANT-At Carlisle, Penn. February 3, Sarah L., widew of the late tieneral Charles T. Merchant, United States Army.

MURPY-In Trenton, N. J., on the 4th inst., Mary D., wife of Charles V. C. Murpy. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her frineral from the Trinity Episcopal Church, on Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

Interment at Princeton, N. J.

MOTT-At Reslyn, L. I., on the 4th inst., Hannah C. Mott, in her 70th year. Triends and relatives are invited to attend her funeral, at Manhasset Meeting House, on Fifth-day (Thursday), at hal past forchest 11:15 train from Long Island City at Great Neck; returning, 4:35.

Great Neck; returniny, 4:35.

NASMITH—February 4, at his residence, 35 East 31st-st.,
Augustia I Nasmith, for many years connected with the
house of Marshall Field & Co., Unicago.
Interment at Platfordile, Wis.
Chicago papers please copy.
PHELPS—On Monday examing, February 4, at her residence,
No. 203 Clutton-st., Brooklyn, N. Y., Phebe Parsons
Phelps, wife of Samuel F. Phelps, in the 77th year of her
age. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, from her late residence, on Thursday, the 7th last, 4:2 o'clock p. m.

Please onli flowers.

PALMER—On Saturday afternoon, February 2, Oliver H.

Palmer, in the 70th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at thinay Church, 21st-st. and
4th-ave. Wednesday morning at 10 octock.

Friends are requested not to sent flowers.

FIHAYER—At Monsey, N. Y., February 2, Charles P. Thayer,
son of the late Capitalu Seth and Bathaneba Thayer, in the
38th yeer of his sec.

Interment at Providence, R. I.

Special Notices A Delicate Pertune.

Non-offensive to the most refined, is imparted to LACES, GLOVES and NOTE PAPER, by MASSEY'S FLOREN. TINE VIOLET ORRING, originated by CASWELL, MASSEY & CO., Chemists, 1,121 Broadway and 578 5th-ave., N. Y.

Artistic Memoriats.

The NEW-ENGLAND GRANTTE WORKS, Hartford, COMQuarries and Workshops, Westerdy, R. I.

Fine monumental and building work in Granta, Drawings
and estimates furnished without charge. Correspondences to
licited. N. Y. Ordee, 1.321 B'way. C. W. CANFIELD, Aga.

# Edward Schenck, Auctioueer.

EXTRAORDINARY GREAT SALE. MOORE AND CLARKE CO., Retiring from the art business will sell at anction, positively without reserve, the entire stock of ANTIQUE FURNITURE, ORIENTAL PORCELAINS, SILKS, TAPESTRIES, BRONZES, GLASS AND RUGS, HIGH CLASS PAINTINGS. HIGH-CLASS FAIN TINGS.
Sale to take place at the store and galieries,
200 FTH-AVE,
200 FTH-AVE,
11, AT 2 O'CLOCK,
and continuing early until the
entire stock is disposed of.
Now on Exhibition lay and Evening,
AT NO. 200 STH-AVE,
The entire collection of superb
HIGH-CLASS PAINTINGS,
Will be said the following week.
Ladies especially invited.

Post Office Notice.

Letters for Europe need not be specially directed for tippatch by any particular steamer in order to secure apostly its livery at destination, as all transational order to secure apostly its by the instead of the secure in order to secure apostly its livery at destination, as all transational mains are forwarded by the instead of the secure and in the secure and in the secure at the sedice at this office as a little sed of the sedice at the sedice at this office as a little sed of the sedice at the sedice